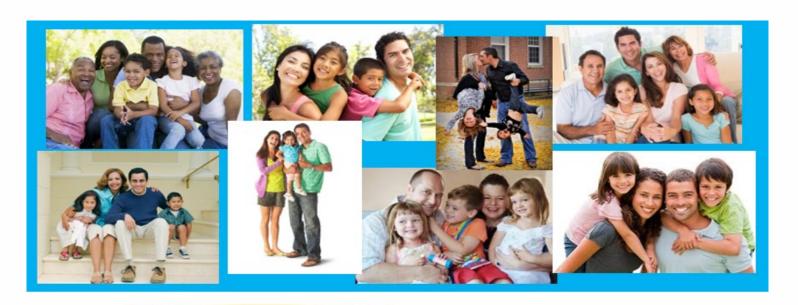
Family First Prevention Services Act (FFPSA)

Investing in Prevention and Supporting Families





FFPSA Overview

Enacted into law February 9, 2018

New federal funds to <u>increase</u>, not replace, state funds for prevention

Purpose is to provide support to children and families to care placements

prevent foster

All of the provisions have different effective dates.



Goals of FFPSA

IV-E Funded Prevention Services Quality
Evidence Based
Services

Promote
Family Based
Placements

Reduce
Congregate
Care
Placements



FFPSA: Continuum of Prevention

Kinship Navigator Program

- Primary Prevention
 - Prevent child welfare involvement

Prevention Program

- Secondary Prevention
 - Prevent foster care placement

Chafee Program

- Tertiary Prevention
- Prevent generational child welfare involvement



What do we know from Nebraska data?

The majority of children enter foster care due to neglect.

Annually approximately 45% of children who enter out are ages 0 -5.

-of-home care

Approximately 46% of children who enter out-of-home care ages 0-5 have at least one parent who was also a state ward.

50% or more of children who enter out-of-home care in Nebraska is due to parental substance use.

As of January 20 19, approximately 60% of all children served are in out-of-home care and 40% are in-home.



Planning for FFPSA

- DHHS
 — Division of Children and Family Services (CFS) hosted a Family First kick off event in June
 2018
- Formed eight workgroups to lead the planning and implementation for the correlating Family First provision
- Conducted statewide service array scan
- Created a public website, http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/Family-First.aspx, to communicate updates, meeting agendas, draft plans, post public comments, etc.



Title IV-E Prevention Program

Effective date: 10/1/2019

Optional for states: Nebraska opting in



Prevention Program

Allows federal funds to cover the cost of prevention programs to prevent children from entering

foster care.

Substance
Abuse
Prevention &
Treatment

Mental Health Services

Evidence -Based Trauma -Informed In-home
Parent Skill Based
Program



Title IV-E Prevention Program

Eligible:

Candidates for foster care who can remain safely at home or in a kinship placement

A child whose adoption or guardianship arrangement is at risk of a disruption or dissolution

A child/youth in foster care who is pregnant or parenting

The parents or kin/relative caregivers of these children



Title IV-E Prevention Program Services

Program	Funding Source	Current Clearinghouse Rating	Service Type	Anticipated Claiming Rate	Cost Neutral or Cost Savings
Healthy Families America	Funded through the MICHV -E grant via DPH	Well -Supported	Parenting Skills	50% General Funds and 50% (IV-E) Federal Funds	Short -term cost neutral displacing current IV -E eligible services, long -term cost savings as CW population decreases
Family Centered Treatment	Blended funding of Medicaid and general funds	Not yet rated	Mental Health	100% General Funds until rated by Clearinghouse	Short -term cost increase (unknown), long -term cost savings as CW population decreases
Trauma Focused -CBT	Medicaid, private insurance, general funds	Promising	Mental Health	50% General Funds and 50% (IV-E) Federal Funds first 2 years if under Transitional Payments, 100% General Funds thereafter unless rated higher by Clearinghouse	Potential short -term cost increase (unknown), long -term cost savings as CW population decreases
Functional Family Therapy	Medicaid, insurance, general funds	Well -Supported	Mental Health	50% General Funds and 50% (IV-E) Federal Funds	Short -term cost neutral displacing current IV -E eligible services, long -term cost savings as CW population decreases
Parent -Child Interactive Therapy	Medicaid, insurance, general funds	Well -Supported	Mental Health	50% General Funds and 50% (IV-E) Federal Funds	Short -term cost neutral displacing current IV -E eligible services, long -term cost savings as CW population decreases
Multi -Systematic Therapy	Medicaid, insurance, general funds	Well -Supported	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	50% General Funds and 50% (IV-E) Federal Funds	Short -term cost neutral displacing current IV -E eligible services, long - term cost savings as CW population decreases



Bring Up Nebraska

Community collaboratives focused on prevention into the child welfare system

Community Collaboratives:

- Blue Valley
- Cherry County
- Dakota County
- Dawson County
- Dodge County
- Douglas County

- Hall County
- Lancaster County
- Madison County
- North Platte
- Omaha Tribe
- Otoe County

- Panhandle
- Platte/Colfax County
- Sandhills Coalition
- Sarpy County



FFPSA Modifications Related to Placements



Placement Limitations

Limitations on title IV -E foster care payments for placements that are not foster family homes

Effective date: 10/01/2019

Required for all states

Title IV -E foster care payments are limited to two-weeks unless it is an approved placement (see next slide)



Approved Placements that are not foster family homes

Family -based residential substance abuse treatment facility

A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post -partum, or parenting supports for youth

Supervised independent living for youth over 18

Specialized placements for survivors of sex trafficking

A Qualified
Residential
Treatment Program
(QRTP)



Placement with Parent in a Treatment Facility

Title IV -E Foster Care Maintenance Payments for Children with Parents in a Licensed Residential Family Based Treatment Facility for Substance Use

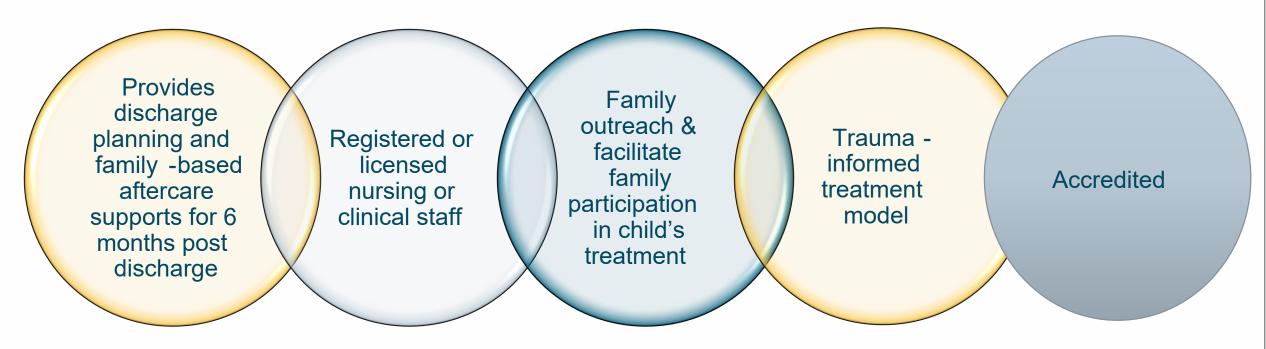
Optional for states: Nebraska opting in

Allows foster care payments for up to 12 months for an eligible child placed with a parent in a licensed residential family -based substance abuse treatment facility

Treatment facility must provide parenting skills training, parent education and individual and family counseling under a trauma -informed framework



Components of a Qualified Residential Treatment Program (QRTP)





QRTP

30 day assessment

- To determine what placement setting best meets the child's needs
- Develop short -term and long -term menta health and behavioral health goals

60 day court review

 Court must approve placement in QRTP in order for State to continue to claim federal funding



IV-E Modifications - QRTP

30 Day Assessment

Assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement in QRTP

Conducted by a trained professional or licensed clinician

Cannot be an employee of the State

Assess strengths and needs of the child using an age appropriate evidence based validated functional assessment tool approved by HHS

Determine which setting is best for the child

Develop list of short -term and long -term child specific mental and behavioral health goals

Family and permanency team must be assembled to work in conjunction with qualified individual



IV-E Modifications - QRTP

Juvenile Court will consider the assessment, within 60 days of placement and determine the most appropriate placement of the child and approve or disapprove the placement.

The state has to demonstrate why child is in QRTP if for an extended period of time

If assessment determined that the placement of a child in a QRTP is not appropriate, a court disapproves of the placement or the child is returning to a family home setting, federal funds can be used while the child remains in QRTP during the transition period

No federal funds can be used after 30 days if placement determined inappropriate for the child or the Court disapproves of the placement

60 Day Court Review



QRTP - At Review and Permanency Hearings

On-going assessments continue to support the placement

Meet the needs of the child in the least restrictive setting

Identify specific treatment or services needs, and length of time for treatment

DHHS's efforts to prepare for transition



Questions?



For more information:

http://dhhs.ne.gov/children_family_services/FamiliesFirst/Pages/Home.aspx

DHHS.familyfirst @Nebraska.gov







dhhs.ne.gov

